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In re Application of:

Guido VOFT et al.

U.S. Patent No.:

6,852,669

Serial No.:

09/851,214

Issue Date:

February 8, 2005

Title:

HYDROGENATION CATALYST

Attachments:

Request for Certificate of Correction

Certificate of Correction Form PTO/SB/44 (PTO-1050)

Mark-up copy of Letters Patent

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PAGE 1/4 * RCVD AT 5/1/2006 11:07:13 AM [Eastern Daylight Time] * SVR:USPTO-EFXRF-1/2 * DNIS:2738300 * CSID:2026590105 * DURATION (mm-ss):02-10

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of: Guido VOIT et al.

Art Unit: 1626

Patent No.: 6,852,669

Examiner: Ebenezer O. Sackey

Issued: February 8, 2005

Confirmation No.: 4235

For:

HYDROGENATION CATALYST

Attorney Docket: 48839DfV

Mail Stop Certificate of Correction Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

REQUEST FOR CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

Sir.

Applicants herewith submit a Certificate of Correction Form PTO/SB/44. It is respectfully requested that the Certificate of Corrections be entered.

The changes noted on the Certificate of Correction Form PTO/SB/44 correct the errors which occurred on the part of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. No fee should therefore be required.

It is not believed that a fee is required for filing of this paper. However, please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper to Deposit Account No 14.1437. Please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfully submitted

Jason D. Vol**ah**t

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Date:

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO.

6,852,669

APPLICATION NO.

09/851,214

ISSUE DATE

February 8, 2005

INVENTOR(S)

Guido VOIT et al.

It is certified that an error appears or errors appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Claim 1, column 7, line 52, "to It by" should read -to 1% by-

Claim 6, column 7, line 67, "m2/g" should read -m²/g-

Claim 18, column 8, line 58, "DET" should read -BET-

MAILING ADDRESS OF SENDER (Please do not use customer number below):

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used had the following composition: 72% by weight of Fe, 0.06% by weight of Al, 0.03% by weight of Ca, 0.04% by weight of Mg, 0.10% by weight of Si, 0.01% by weight of Ti, 0.13% by weight of Mn, remainder oxygen.

The cooled melt block was comminuted in a jaw crusher, and a sieve fraction of particle size 1.5.3 mm was separated out by sieving. The oxidic catalyst was reduced in an $\rm H_2/N_2$ stream at 450° C. for 72 hours. After cooling down to room temperature under nitrogen, the Fe catalyst was passivated with an $\rm N_2$ /air stream (24 hours with 1% of air in nitrogen), care being taken to ensure that the temperature in the catalyst bed did not rise above 45° C.

b) Hydrogenation of ADN to HMD and/or ACN

Three serially connected tubular reactors (total length 4.5 m, d=6 mm) were packed with 142 mL (240 g) of the 15 catalyst (particle size range from 1.5 to 3 mm) prepared according to Example 1 a) and then reduced in a 200 L/h stream of hydrogen at atmospheric pressure. To this end, the temperature was raised from 70° C. to 340° C. over 24 hours and subsequently held at 340° C. for 72 hours. After the 20 temperature had been lowered, the reactor was fed with a mixture of 74 or 148 mL/h of ADN (catalyst space velocity 0.5 or 1.0 kg of ADN/L of cat.xh), 365 mL/h of NH₃ and 200 standard L/h of H₂ at 250 bar. No decrease in catalyst activity was observed after a run of 7000 hours. Under the conditions recited in Table 1, the following results were obtained as a function of the temperature and the catalyst space velocity (Table 1):

from 0.05 to 0.2 mL/g, an average pure diameter of from 0.03 to 0.1 μ m and a 0.01 to 0.1 μ m pore volume fraction within the range from 50 to 70%.

7. The catalyst defined in claim 1, wherein the promoter elements (b) are selected from aluminum, silicon and tital-

8. The catalyst defined in claim I, wherein constituent (c)

is based on magnesium and/or calcium.

9. The catalyst defined in claim: 1, wherein constinuent (e) is present in an amount of from 0.01 to 0.2% by weight based on (a).

30 10. The catalyst defined in claim 1, wherein constituent (c) is present in an amount of from 0.01 to 0.1% by weight based on (a).

11. The catalyst defined in claim 1, wherein constinuent (d) is present in an amount of from 0.001 to 0.3% by weight based on (a).

12. The catalyst defined in claim 1, wherein constituent (d) is present in an amount of from 0.01 to 0.2% by weight based on (a).

o \$3 13. A hydrogenation catalyst consisting essentially of a catalytically effective component and a support material wherein the catalytically effective component is a composition consisting of

(a) iron or a compound based on iron or a mixture thereof,

(b) from 0.001 to 0.3% by weight based on (a) of a promoter based on 2, 3, 4 or 5 elements selected from the group consisting of aluminum, silicon, zirconium, titanium and vanadium,

Hexamethylecodismine by hydrogenation of adipositule												
Tempera- ture (° C.)	Pres- sure (bar)	Cat. space velocity (kg)	ADN conversion	HMD selectivity	ACN	ICCP	AMCPA	DCH	THA			
115 135 98	250 250 250	0.5 1.0 0.5	100 100 80	99.0 98.9 42.3	100 110 56.8³³	55 60 94	24 35 41	1150 1800 1130	30 43			

¹⁾ACN selectivity (%)

We claim:

1. A hydrogenation catalyst comprising, as catalytically effective component, a composition consisting of

(a) iron or a compound based on iron or a mixture thereof,
 (b) from 0.001 to 0.3% by weight based on (a) of a promoter based on 2, 3, 4 or 5 elements selected from the group consisting of aluminum, silicon, zirconium,

titanium and yanadium,

(c) from 0 to 0.3% by weight based on (a) of a compound based on an alkali and/or alkaline earth metal, and ∨

(d) from 0.001 to to weight based on (a) of manganese.

2.2. The catalyst defined in claim 1, wherein the catalytically effective component is obtained by reduction with or without subsequent passivation of a magnetite.

3. The catalyst defined in claim 1, wherein the catalytically effective component is obtained by precipitating precursors of constituents (a), (b), (d) and optionally (c) in the presence or absence of support materials.

4. The carelyst defined in claim 1, which is obtained by 60 impregnating a support with a solution of constituents (a).

(b), (d) and optionally (c).

5. The catalyst defined in claim 1, which is obtained by snaying constituents (a), (b), (d) and optionally (c) onto a support.

6. The catalyst defined in claim 1, which has a BET surface area of from 3 to 20 m²Cs a total pore volume of

(c) from 0 to 0.3% by weight based on (a) of a compound based on an alkali and/or alkaline earth metal, and (d) from 0.001 to 1% by weight based on (a) of manga-

14. The catalyst defined in claim 13, wherein the catalytically effective component is obtained by reduction with or without subsequent passivation of a magnetite.

15. The catalyst defined in claim 13, which is obtained by precipitating precursors of constituents (a), (b), (d) and optionally (c) in the presence of the support materials.

16. The catalyst defined in claim 13, which is obtained by impregnating the support with a solution of constituents (a), (b), (d) and optionally (c)

17. The catalyst defined in claim 13, which is obtained by spraying constituents (a), (b), (d) and optionally (c) onto the support.

18. The catalyst defined in claim 13, which has a DET surface area of from 3 to 20 m²/g, a total pore volume of from 0.05 to 0.2 mL/g, an average pore diameter of from 0.03 to 0.1 μm and a 0.01 to 0.1 μm pore volume fraction within the range from 50 to 70%.

19. The catalyst defined in claim 13, wherein constituent

19. The catalyst defined in claim 13, wherein constituent (c) is present in an amount of from 0.01 to 0.2% by weight based on (a).

20. The catalyst defined in claim 13, wherein constituent (d) is present in an amount of from 0.001 to 0.3% by weight based on (a).

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